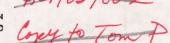
GREAT SALT LAKE MINERALS & CHEMICALS COMPORATION

A SUBSIDIARY OF GULF RESOURCES & CHEMICAL CORPORATION PO. BOX 1190 O 785 NORTH 10500 WEST O OGDEN, UTAH 84402 O TEL. (801) 731-3100 O TWX (910) 971-5910





April 14, 1983

PCI (057) 002

Mr. Landlorn
USU Soils Lab
UMC 48
Utah State University
Logan, UT 84322

Dear Mr. Landlorn:

Per our conversation last week I am sending fourteen soil samples to you via UPS. These samples are to be used to determine how to replant two gravel pits now in use at Great Salt Lake Minerals & Chemicals Corporation. Attached with this letter is a copy of a letter received from Susan Linner, a Reclamation Biologist with the Utah State Department of Natural Resources. Her recommended analysis for the samples are:

Soil Texture
pH
Electrical Conductivity (EC)
Cation Exchange Capacity (CEC)
Sodium Absorption Ratio (SAR)
Percent Organic Matter
Available Potassium
Soluble Calcium
Magnesium
Sodium

To this, perhaps we should add:

Total Nitrogen Phosphorous Potassium

A purchase order will be issued by Mike Gale, our Purchasing Agent, to cover the cost of the analysis. The purchase order should read that the analysis should not exceed \$500.00. If there is any problem with that, let me know.

Mr. Landlorn April 14, 1983 Page 2

The samples were screened at ten mesh on site. The percent +10 mesh on the samples is as follows:

Sample		%	+10 Mesh
Little Mounta	in A		58.3
	В		60.7
	C		53.9
	*D		78.6
Promontory	A		66.8
	В		71.4
	C		65.4
	D		55.6
	E		69.9
	F		52.6
	G		55.9
	H		72.9
	I		27.1
	J		63.9

Our experience here at Great Salt Lake Minerals & Chemicals Corporation at this type of reclamation is limited. Any suggestions you may have would be appreciated.

Sincerely,

Larry Sower



## UTAH STATE UNIVERSITY LOGAN, UTAH 84322

SOIL, PLANT and WATER ANALYSIS LABORATORY UMC 48

Great Salt Lake Minerals & Chemical Corporation ATTN: Larry Sower

P.O. Box 1190

765 North 10500 West Ogden, Utah 84402

\*Ident. PROM A
B
C
D
E I.M A 0 C B HOF Sand 90 16 62 82 85 hydrometer (%) 38 52 96 21 58 58 Silt 25 11 8 11 8 48 2 5 5 30 40 34 Clay 13 28 22 14 10 12 13 SICL IS SIZ CL IS T Texture\* mmhos/cm ECe 2.8 1.7 10.8 13.3 7.1 6.7 15.1 16.6 3.6 1.0 CEC .02 .04 meq/100g Ca Mg .06 .02 .04 .15 .07 H20-So1. .02 .05 .05 .03 .01 .10 .06 2.3 1.49 22.0 .18 2.6 .04 .08 .03 .08 Na .03 .51 .21 .48 1,5 1.4 2.5 8.3 4.9 SAR Matter % Organic 1.43 2.10 . 38 .34 .31 .07 .14 .38 22 27 29 22 41 29 20 58 24 22 26 31 SP\* Nitrogen % Total .02 .01 .02 9.6 2.6 4.8 1.1 NaHCO3--ppm 171 27 390 152 107 176 201 337 | = 17 139 325 8.4 8.6 7.9 8.4 8.2 8.5 7.9 8.1 PH

USU Log #'s 83-782-795 / received on 4/19/83.

\*Texture - SL = Sandy Loam

L = Loam

CL = Clay Loam

S = Sand

SICL = Silty Clay Loam

LS = Loamy Sand

Donomorm

<sup>\*</sup>LM=Little Mountain, PROM=Promontory
\*SP=Saturation Percentage

## COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS:

infiltration rate, etc.). pH is acceptable for all but PROM G. The high SAR confirms a probable sodium problem (poor

Texture: The sands, loamy sands and some sandy loams will have poor water - holding capacity, and soluble N will leach out easily. Plant drought - resistant varieties.

much to be more specific on this. Sampling depth and time since latest precipitation (and amount of it) affect test values too ECe (soluble salts): Watch for possible salt problems in those testing higher than 1.5 mmhos/cm.

Organic Matter: All but PROM A and PROM H are very low. Anticipate erosion on slopes.

## Nutrients

in the soil. Apply enough to feed the crop (35-50 lbs N per acre without irrigation). Nitrogen: Total N has no value in predicting N supply to plants. Assume there is no N

Phosphorus:

ation costs.)		
get maximum benefit from ap	75	.4-1.1
may want to double these to	60	2.6-3.6
(These are minimum amounts;	50	4.0-5.1
		9,6
	2.5	
	Apply (lbs P_0_/ acre)	Soil Test P

Potassium: Apply 100-200 lbs K20 per acre to PROM C, PROM F, and possibly PROM I and PROM J.

Lass

